THE [Numb. 452.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *January* 3, 1754.

At the Requeſt and Importunity of ſome of our Readers, we cannot omit giving the Public (in this Dearth of News) the following Piece.

The remaining Part of the HISTORY of BELL and the DRAGON. Set apart, becauſe not found in the *Greek* nor *Hebrew*.

NOW it came to paſs in the Reign of George the ſecond, in the ſix and twentieth Year of his Reign, in the firſt Month, on the fifteenth Day of the Month.

2. There was a Prieſt in the Land of Mary, and Frederick was Lord of that Land; and this Prieſt feared not the Lord, neither regarded he Man, for he was a Son of Belial.

3. And it came to paſs when he was drunk with Wine in the Inn, that he quarrelled with a young Scribe, the Son of an old Scribe, and ſtrove with the young Scribe.

4. Now this old Scribe was a Man that feared the Lord greatly, and was of good Report among the People, but he was lame from his Youth.

5. And the Prieſt the Son of Belial derided the old Scribe, and mocked him in great Deriſion, and hopped to and fro, like the Vain and Fooliſh, and reviling, ſaid unto the Young Scribe, Hah! hah! thus walketh thy Father.

6. And behold the Wrath of the young Scribe was greatly kindled againſt the Prieſt, and he anſwered and ſaid unto him, Derideſt thou, in this manner, the Man of the Lord, thou Son of Belial.

7. And they ſtrove fiercely, the one with the other, and ſmote each other with the Palms of their Hands, inſomuch thath the Blood iſſued forth.

8. And behold a Ruler paſſing by that Way, a young Man appointed by the Lord of the Land, to execute Juſtice and Judgment, and to let the Oppreſſed go free.

9. And he beholding their Striſe, that it was waxed exceeding hot, immediately called with a loud Voice, and ſaid unto them, Ye do here act fooliſhly, I command that ye be peaceable; but they regarded him not, and he parted them aſunder.

10. And the Prieſt's Wrath was then greatly kindled againſt the Ruler, and he ſtretched forth his Hand and ſmote the Ruler over the Head, with the Scourge wherewith he driveth his Aſs, and the Blood ran forth in abundance.

11. And the Ruler was wroth, and roſe up in haſte, and ſaid unto the Prieſt, Smiteſt thou me, thou Son of Belial, a Man appointed by the Lord of the Land, to maintain and promote Order and Peace amongſt the People; ſurely, in that thou haſt done this Deed, thou haſt acted fooliſhly.

12. And he took the Prieſt by the Neck and prevailed againſt him, and laid him on his Back on the Earth, and ſmote him violently in ſundry Parts of his Body and Face, until the Prieſt was ſore.

13. And the Blood iſſued out of the Wounds that were made in his Face, and the Filth guſhed forth from his hinder Parts, ſo that his Garments were greatly defiled, and the Smell thereof over-ſpread the whole Houſe, that the People were obliged to leave the ſame, to the great Damage of the Innholder.

14. And the Prieſt made a great Cry, and loudly called out, Murder, murder! Help, help! and the People without, hearing the Cry, ran together through the ill ſavour'd Scent that was then ſpread over all the Houſe, occaſioned by the Filth which came from his latter Parts, and there was a great Tumult then raiſed.

15. And when the People were come in, they beheld the Ruler and the Prieſt ſtriving eagerly, the Prieſt on his Back, and the Ruler giving him ſome prudent Chaſtiſement for the Good of his Soul; but they parted them aſunder.

16. The Ruler begged of the People to let him come to the Sight of the Prieſt once more; but the Prieſt hearing theſe Words, it gave him new Life, ſo that he ran violently out of the Houſe, and through the dark Paſſage, and into the Stable amongſt the four footed Beaſts, and concealed himſelf the chief Part of the Night, from the Fury and Outrage of the Ruler.

17. Then it came to paſs, that the Ruler beckoned unto the People, and ſaid, Men and Brethren hearken unto me, this Prieſt came unto us, (for the Lord the God of Iſrael ſent him not,) to teach the Commandments and Ordinances of the Lord, but behold he profaneth them, and the Name of the Lord, and cauſeth the People to tranſgreſs.

18. He hath this Day contended and ſtrove and fought with our Scribe, and mocked his Father, an old Man, who feareth the Lord, and is greatly beloved amongſt the People: This Prieſt, the Son of Belial, walketh diſorderly, and diſturbeth the Peace of this Place greatly.

19. For when I ſpake Peace between him and our Scribe, and parted them aſunder, behold your Prieſt ſmote me on the Head with the Scourge wherewith he driveth his Aſs, and wounded me, ye yourſelves are Witneſſes.

20. And I took him by the Neck, and prevailed againſt him, and ſmote him, ſo that he hath defiled his Mantle, and through Fear has fled from my Preſence, and dare not ſhew his Face.

21. And the People all ſhook their Heads, and ſaid one unto another, This Prieſt hath wrought great Folly in mocking the old Scribe, and ſtriving with the young Scribe, and not regarding the Peace commanded by the Ruler.

22. And they communed together, ſaying, He is a Diſcredit to our Church, a Trouble to the People, and a Scandal to our Profeſſion.

23. And the People after hearing the Ruler, and beholding the Folly and Wickedneſs of the Prieſt, ſmote their Breaſts, and returned every Man unto his own Houſe.

24. Now the reſt of the Acts of this Prieſt, and all that he did, and how he drank Wine, and wanted to Debauch his Landlady, and profaned the Name of the Lord, and deſpiſed the People, and ſtrove, and contended, and mocked them who did not ſacrifice at his Altar, and that he profaned the Feaſts of the Lord with Rioting and Drunkenneſs, and many other baſe Actions and Abominations; behold, are they not written in the Memoirs of the People of the Land unto this Day.

ROME, Auguſt 11.

A FEW Days ago Twelve young Jeſuits embarked at Civita Vecchia on board an Engliſh Man of War of forty Guns for Genoa, where they are to be joined by ſome other young Italian Jeſuits, and afterwards proceed on board an Engliſh Veſſel for America to be diſtributed among the Convents of their Order in that Country.

Vienna, Auguſt 22. Laſt Monday a Fire broke out in the Borough of Mannersdorff on the Frontiers of Hungary, belonging to the Counteſs of Fuchs, which entirely conſumed the Caſtle and every Houſe in the Town.

Paris, Auguſt 31. On the 27th his Majeſty hunted near Compeigne, where a few Years ago he chaſed a Stag quite grey with Age; it was known to have been hunted by Lewis XIII and XIV. and could not be leſs than 200 Years old; it has not been heard of ſince, ſo is ſuppoſed to have expired quietly in the Foreſt.

Dublin, Sept. 4. We hear from the County of Meath, and many other Parts of this Kingdom, that great Quantities of Wheat and other Grain are already got in ſafe; and that the Ears of Corn produce four Fold to what they did laſt Year; which, it is hoped, may prevent our ſending ſo much Money out of the Kingdom, as we have done for ſome Years paſt; but, if the Cuſtom of drinking Spirituous Liquors, be ſuffered to go on, we ſhall have as great or a greater Scarcity of Bread and other Neceſſaries of Life than we had the laſt and preſent Years, one Diſtiller having already contracted for the Bear and Oats of eighty Acres of Land, to mix them with the Filth and Soil of Common Sewers and Bog-houſes.

Yeſterday a Ship was ſeized in the Channel, for attempting to run a large Quantity of Coffee.

LONDON.

The following Clauſes are humbly propoſed to be added to the late Act againſt Clandeſtine Marriages, in Caſe the Legiſlature ſhould hereafter take that Subject into their farther Conſideration.

WHEN two young thoughtleſs Fools, having no viſible Way to maintain themſelves, nor any Thing to begin the World with, yet reſolve to marry and be miſerable; let it be deemed *Petty Larceny*.

If a younger Brother marries an old Woman purely for the Sake of a Maintenance, let it be called *Self-preſervation*.

When two old Creatures, that can hardly hear one another ſpeak, and cannot propoſe the leaſt Comfort to themſelves in the Thing, yet marry together to be miſerable, they ſhall be deemed *Non Compos*, and ſent to a Mad-houſe.

When a Lady marries her Servant, or a Gentleman his Cook maid, (eſpecially if there are Children by a former Marriage) they both ſhall be *tranſported for fourteen Years*.

When a Man has had one bad Wife and buried her, and yet will marry a ſecond, it ſhall be deemed *Felo de ſe*, and be buried in the Highway accordingly.

When a Woman in good Circumſtances marries an infamous Man, not worth a Groat; if ſhe's betrayed into it, it ſhall be called *Accidental Death*; but if ſhe knows it, it ſhall be made *Single Felony*, and ſhe ſhall be *burnt in the Hand*.

When a Man, having no Children, marries a Woman with five or ſix, and *vice verſa*, let the Delinquent ſtand thrice on the Pillory, loſe both his Ears, and ſuffer one Year's Impriſonment.

If a Man marries a Woman of ill Fame, knowing her to be ſo, he ſhall have a Pair of Horns painted on his Door, or if ſhe be a known Scold, a Couple of Neats Tongues in the Room of them.

And when a Man or Woman marries to the diſinheriting of their Children, let them ſuffer as in Caſes of High-Treaſon.

When a Woman marries a Man deeply in Debt, knowing him to be ſo, let her be ſent to the Houſe of Correction, and kept to hard Labour for three Months; and if he deceived her, and did not let her know his Circumſtances, ſhe ſhall be acquitted, and he doomed to beat Hemp all the Days of his Life.

An Application from the Grand Jury *of the County of* Eſſex, *at the Aſſizes holden at* Chelmsford, *the* 15*th of* Auguſt.

To Sir JOHN ARDY, Bart. and WILLIAM HARVEY, Eſq; Knights of the Shire, the High-Sheriff not being there.

GENTLEMEN,

YOUR ſteady Adherence in Parliament to the true Intereſt of your Country, makes us gladly embrace this Opportunity of declaring our Approbation of your Conduct.

Your Oppoſition to a Bill, brought in the laſt Seſſions of Parliament, conferring unprecedented Privileges on the Jews, was agreeable to our Sentiments, and, as far as we can judge, to thoſe of the Kingdom in general.

As we can only gueſs at the real Motives of the Patrons and Promoters of this Bill, we ſhall paſs no Cenſure upon them; but we have Reaſon to believe, that [illegible] Votes were not accompanied with the Figures and Conſents of their Conſtituents; which, in a Country of Liberty and Freedom, ought to have no inconſiderable Weight in Parliamentary Matters.

The Jews have been zealous Perſecutors of Chriſtianity from it's Infancy; and, where their Power fell ſhort of their Malice, their Inſtigations have

have prevailed on those, to whom their Sceptre was departed, to execute their most wicked Purposes; their Inveteracy to Christians, of all Denominations, still continues.

They stand branded in History with being rebellious Subjects, faithless Allies, and treacherous Vassals; with pillaging Provinces and Kingdoms, where they have been Farmers of the Revenues; with being insolent on the least Prosperity, and vindictive under Chastisement.

They became justly odious to this Nation in former Times, by diminishing and altering our Coin; by their Extortions, Usuries, and other enormous Crimes. At length, a Statute was made only for putting a Stop to their Usury; and this amounted to a total Expulsion: They departed the Kingdom, which was no Country for them, when they could no longer oppress (by their darling Method) with Impunity.

It hath been said, that we are to reap great Advantages from the Naturalization of wealthy Jews, by the Increase of our Commerce, and the Riches they will bring into the Kingdom: But can it be imagined, that when they shall become Proprietors of great Estates in Land (an Event, we fear, not very remote), they will any longer apply themselves to Trade and Correspondencies? They will rather set themselves down in the Enjoyment of their Fortunes, and propagate their Impieties, by all the Influence, which their ample Possessions must naturally give.

These Considerations, Gentlemen, added to their horrid Blasphemies, too shocking to repeat; their Vices and Immoralities, too many to be enumerated, have moved us earnestly to desire you will use your utmost Efforts to procure a speedy Repeal of the late Act in Favour of the Jews; or, if that cannot be effected, to prevent it's Progress and Consequences, as the propereſt Means of preserving our Religious and Civil Establishment, and continuing the Tranquility we have hitherto enjoyed under the Government of our present most gracious Sovereign.

From the LONDON MAGAZINE, *for* Aug. 1753.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS,

THE most remarkable Occurrence that has lately happened in Europe, is a new Treaty between the House of Austria and the Duke of Modena, by which it is said to be stipulated:

1. That his serene Highness be appointed perpetual Governor of the Dutchy of Milan, and the House of Austria's Vicar-General, in Italy, with a Salary of 90,000 Florins a Year; his serene Highness to keep on Foot a Body of 4000 Men, at the disposal of the Empress Queen.

2. That her Imperial Majesty have a Right to place a Garrison of her Troops in the Citadels of Mirandola and Reggio, and in the Castle of Massa Carrara.

3. That the Archduke Peter Leopold, third Son of their Imperial Majesties, shall marry the Daughter of the Hereditary Prince of Modena, by the Heiress of Massa Carrara; and, if this Princess die without Heirs Male, the Estates of the House of Massa Carrara, and the Dutchy of Mirandola, shall go to the Archduke Peter Leopold as his Lady's Fortune; but in Case there be Male Issue, she shall have the Principality of Fermia, and the other Estates in Hungary claimed by the Duke of Modena, for her Fortune.

4. That on the Extinction of the Male Branch of the House of Est, the Duke of Modena's Dominions shall all devolve to the House of Austria.

And it is said, that in Consequence of this Treaty, the Duke of Modena will next Month take up his Residence at Milan, with a Pension of 90,000 Florins per Annum.

Last Month the Prussian Minister at the Diet of Ratisbon, presented to that Assembly his Prussian Majesty's final Declaration with Regard to the Affair of East Friesland; and soon after the beginning of this Month the Hanover Minister presented to the said Assembly a Memorial from his Britannick Majesty, as Elector of Hanover, by Way of Answer to this his Prussian Majesty's final Declaration.

From Amsterdam they write as follows: We are very attentive in this Country to the King of Prussia's taking into his Service and Favour as many Irish and Scotch of the Jacobite Party as he can. Amongst others, he has, not long ago, entered into a Treaty with one of these Gentlemen, an Irish Papist, who was well established at Rotterdam, has a thorough Knowledge of Commerce, is a very cunning Man, and who has sold a fine House, which he had in that City, in order to go into the Service of the King of Prussia. Many People even say, that the young Pretender lies concealed in the Dominions of that Prince; but as they give no Proof of this, one may with Reason doubt the Truth of it.

The Republic of Genoa have resolved to build a Citadel at St. Remo for curbing the Inhabitants, and for obliging them to submit to such Regulations as shall hereafter be prescribed; but as they Claim to be a free Republic under the Protection of the Empire, and no other Way dependant upon Genoa than by Confederacy for mutual Defence, this may prove a knotty Affair; and in the mean Time the Republic's Affairs in Corsica seem not to be in a very prosperous Situation; for they acknowlege, that a Party of their Troops in that Island has been defeated, and all killed or made Prisoners by a Party of the Malecontents.

Reflections on an Instance of Human Frailty.

ALAS, how frail is Man! ah hapleſs Race!
Deceiv'd and thoughtleſs! ſoon by Vice ſub du'd,
When left alone to wander in the Paths
Where Nature ſeks to ſatiate her Luſt.
From Virtue's Line how apt is Man to ſwerve,
How prone to Ill!——Or who? or where is he,
Of whom it may be ſaid, behold the Man
That never yet tranſgreſs'd the Law of GOD?
But now my Heart deplores the ſad Miſhap,
Befall'n my Friend, a Man highly eſteem'd;
Was, almoſt I had ſaid, by all belov'd;
Such his Deportment, ſuch his winning Mein,
As render'd him Reſpect: And who cou'd him accuſe?
He ſtood approv'd; and fraught with outward Bliſs;
On him Benevolence and Temperance ſmil'd:
A prudent Conſort bleſs'd him, and, yet more,
Two lovely Babes his Wiſhes to complete.
Yet he, alas! ev'n he much Pity claims;
Temptation roſe, and yielding Nature join'd,
Then Virtue fled: Allur'd by Satan's Bait,
Too prev'lent, each ſacred Tie forgot,
Strangely he fell, and grievous was his Fall;
Which gave his Character a deadly Wound.
Great was the Shock, when Rumour ſpoke his Change;
Grief ſeiz'd on ſome while others ſcoffing ſtood,
Grief ſeiz'd my Soul, when my Ideas drew
The ſhameful Deed that robb'd him of his Fame.
As Jonathan *to* David *firmly knit,*
Our mutual Friendſhip ſprang from early Date.
That he was innocent, I cou'd have pledg'd
My Life, my All, his Honour to maintain.
But oh, he's fall'n! greatly I mourn; yet hope
Sincere Repentance ſoon will chear his Soul.
Boaſt not ye Sons of Vice; nor Libertines
Triumphantly rejoice: Let none depend
On their own Strength. Let ſuch as think they ſtand,
Beware, leſt, thro' ſome tempting Delilah,
Or fav'rite Sin, they, alſo, ſhould Tranſgreſs.
Whoe'er doth Sin, for Sin, or ſoon, or late,
Will ſurely feel the Wrath of GOD *reveal'd.*
Ye Sons of Men, your future Welfare ſeek,
Be vigilant, th' Enemy's at Hand;
The ſubtil Enemy, unwearied ſtill,
Doth Mortal's ruin ſeek; whom to defeat
No Art that's ſimply human can effect:
Be this the ardent Cry, each one for one,
Lord, by thy Counſel, guide me thro' this Life,
And, afterward, to Glory me receive.

LONDON.

Auguſt 28. Yeſterday was executed at Hertford, purſuant to his Sentence at the laſt Aſſizes, Job Wells, for the unnatural Crime of raviſhing his own Daughter. He was very penitent, freely forgave her appearing againſt him, and hoped ſhe would forgive the abominable Part he had acted towards her.

Sept. 10. *A Liſt of the moſt important Differences depending between the Courts of Europe.*

1. Hanover's Squabble with Pruſſia, about Eaſt-Friezland.

2. Affair of the Sileſia Loan.

3. Limits between England and France in North-America, and the Affair of the Neutral Iſlands.

4. A free Navigation in the Weſt Indies, without Search or Viſit, to be obtained from the Spaniards.

5. Boundaries of Finland, to be ſettled between Ruſſia and Sweden.

6. Dutchy of Courland to be provided with a new Sovereign.

7. Quarrel between Spain and Denmark, about Treaties with the African States.

8. Affairs of the Eaſt Indies to be ſettled between the Engliſh and the French.

9. Reſtitution or Satisfaction to be made to France for Ships taken by the Engliſh during the War with Spain.

Of all which Matters, ſome may poſſibly be adjuſted by Treaty, and ſome decided by the Sword.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, dated Sept. 1.

"According to our Advices from Paris it ſtill appears determined, that a Chamber, from which there ſhall be no Appeal, will in a very ſhort Time be nominated by the King to try criminal Cauſes; It is ſaid that it will be for the firſt Time about the middle of this Month. From this and ſome other Diſpoſitions it is very evident that the Recal of the Parliament is at a very great Diſtance, notwithſtanding the fervent Prayers daily poured out by the People for its ſpeedy Return. The ſame Advices add, that the French Miniſtry appear uncommonly buſied, and that frequent Councils are held. Not only the Miniſters for foreign Affairs ſeem to have their Hands full, but Mr. Rouille, Secretary of State for the Affairs of the Navy, appears moſt aſſiduous to put the Marine on a reſpective Footing; and M. d'Argenſon, Miniſter at War, labours with no leſs Zeal to put the Land Forces in good Condition.

"His Swediſh Majeſty has publiſhed an Ordonnance for the encouraging and improving Manufactures of Steel and Iron, by which that Commodity is exempted from the ſmall Duties after the firſt of April; conſiderable Privileges granted to Workmen, whether Natives or Foreigners; and the Exportation of Iron out of the Kingdom prohibited on pain of Confiſcation

"Letters from Berlin adviſe that the Leather Manufactory, lately ſet up near that City, improves daily; and already ſupplies them with Leather of all ſorts, as good, and much cheaper, than what they uſed to bring from England. The erecting a Bank in that City is ſtill talked of.

"We learn from Straſbourg, that M. de Voltaire had been for a Fortnight at the Black Boar-Inn in that Town, where he is viſited by ſeveral learned Men, particularly Dr. Grevali, who acts as his Phyſician. His Niece had left him, and was ſuppoſed to be gone to Paris. Theſe Advices ſay, he continues to labour very hard, his Secretary and another Perſon being every Day at Work. He will probably make no long Stay at Straſbourg, if it be true that Notice has been given him, that the French Court do not deſire he ſhould advance farther into the Kingdom."

Extract of a Letter from Amſterdam, *dated September* 4.

"There is nothing new in relation to the Parliaments of France. The Court is ſtill undetermined how to act. In a Word, the Clergy make the King tremble. Beſides the Miniſtry, who ſide with the Devotees, perſuade themſelves that they ſhall tire the Firmneſs of the Exiles; and having the Power in their Hands, give themſelves no Trouble about the vain Murmurs of the People. In the mean Time every thing remains in Inaction; many Families languiſh in Diſtreſs, waiting till the Parliament reſume its Functions, and decide their Cauſes, on the gaining of which depends all their Hopes. Since the Grand-Chamber was ſent to Pontoiſe, it is computed that upwards of 30,000 Inhabitants have left the Capital. This was very obſervable at the late Fair of St. Lawrence; where the People ſold ſo few of their Goods, that they did not wait for the End of the Fair to pack them up and be gone. Every one exclaims, How long will Things remain on this Footing? A violent Convulſion would be more eligible than this tedious and mortal Lethargy. But theſe melancholy Reflections have no Conſequences. This Age would differ in nothing for the French from that of Henry III. if they had not Magiſtrates who are vigilant, courageous, and zealous for the Public Good. We ſhould ſee that infernal Monſter riſe up among them, that deteſtable Fanaticiſm, which with a Dagger in her Hand ruſhed upon the Throne.——The horrible Remembrance of it makes Nature ſhudder.

"The Conditions of the Treaty between the Empreſs Queen and the Duke of Modena are diſcloſed in proportion as they are fulfilled. We find 10,000 Auſtrians on their March to take Poſſeſſion of the Citadels of Mirandola, Reggio, and Maſſa-Carrara. This Treaty, of whoſe true Contents we are ſtill ignorant, continues equally to perplex the Italian Powers, and the Courts of France and Spain, who never expected it."

A few Days ago Mr. Bryan O'Farrel, aged Seventy, was married to Mrs. Catharine Joy, aged Sixty three. Their Courtſhip laſted fourteen Years, ſeven of which they lived together in one Room. The Bridegroom had ſeventeen Children and Grandchildren at Supper.

Mr.

Mr. Browne's famous Arabian Mare died last Sunday. She took the Strangles last April at the Curragh, and for want of proper Application in Time, ſhe pined away with the running at the Noſe, a Diſtemper called the Glanders. She was carefully diſſected, and upon a very ſtrict Examination, it was diſcovered that the whole Seat of her Diſorder lay in her Head, all the reſt of her noble Parts having been quite ſound; wherefore it is recommended to the Public, to uſe proper Noſe drenches in all ſuch Caſes, as ſoon as any Beaſt begins to run at the Noſe, in order to clear thoſe Parts before an Abceſs is formed, whence iſſues a ſharp Humour that corrodes the Parts and renders the Creature at length incurable. The laſt Matter iſſuing from the Mare, vulgarly called the Mourning of the Chine, was found to proceed from the Brain. In the Diſſection this Mare was found to differ in her Anatomy from other Mares more than could be imagined in any Creature of the ſame Species; and ſhewed an extraordinary Perfection. The Death of this Mare is a general Loſs to the Kingdom, as ſhe derived her Pedigree and Excellence from no Country but Morocco alone, which is deemed to have the beſt Kind of Horſes in the World for Racing.

A Letter from a Gentleman of the County of Donegall, to a Member of Parliament in the City of Dublin, on the dangerous Practice of drinking Spirituous Liquors.

SIR,

"*Your known Zeal for the Intereſt of Religion, and Service of your Country, encourages me to addreſs myſelf to you at this Time, to requeſt you will uſe your Endeavours, and, if poſſible, think of ſome Scheme before the approaching Seſſion of Parliament, to put a Stop to the dreadful Havock made by the Uſe of Spirituous Liquors in too many Parts of this Kingdom. In our Country it is come to that Paſs, that a Conſtable dare not in ſome Diſtricts, execute a Warrant. At the Fair of Drumquin, laſt June, a Juſtice of the Peace ordered the Conſtable to ſeize a Man for making a Riot, and in return for it, was himſelf inſulted in a moſt outrageous Manner; and the Conſtable, on the Way to Omagh Gaol, was murdered by the Pariſhioners. The like happened a Fortnight ago, to the Conſtable of Manor Cunningham, near Rapho, who for doing his Duty was held by ſome of the drunken Rioters, while others battered his Head with Stones. At the Fair of Farnacarny near Sligo, the Whiſkey-ſellers fell on the Exciſeman to murder him, to prevent which, a Magiſtrate, and another Gentleman, both of Note in their Country, interpoſed, but were ſo abuſed that they were left for dead on the ſpot, and have been theſe two Months paſt in a miſerable Condition. I could mention a hundred Facts as riotous and deteſtable as theſe; but theſe are enough to ſhew, that unleſs ſomething be immediately done to remove the Cauſe of theſe Miſchiefs, there will quickly be an end of all Order and Government. In a Church laſt Sunday, not far from Strabane, an unhappy Man, under the Power of Whiſkey, came ſtaggering into the Congregation, and died in the midſt of Divine Service. The Proteſtant Diſſenters were formerly remarkable for Piety and Zeal for Religion; but ſince the increaſe of Spirituous Liquors this is vaniſhed. Our Manufactures alſo will be loſt; for how can Induſtry and Drunkenneſs ſubſiſt together? And the few who would ſtrive to earn their Bread by ſober induſtry, are ſtarved by the Drunkards, who conſume that Grain by Spirituous Liquors, which would afford Plenty of Bread to the honeſt and diligent. Three hundred thouſand Pounds have gone out of Ireland this Year to buy Bread, the Poor in this Part of the World almoſt ſtarving by the Dearneſs of Proviſions; and yet never was known more Drunkenneſs. Muſt not this ſpeedily end in our Ruin? I need not mention the amazing Havock made of the Lives of our People; ſcarce a Day paſſes, in which we do not hear ſome ſhocking Accounts. Theſe are grown ſo familiar, that Men are not affected with them, nor is it poſſible to cure the common People, unleſs the Temptation is removed out of their Way. I knew a Family of ſeven Proteſtants, one of them died of drinking Whiſkey; the other ſix went next Day to Letterkenny to buy Whiſkey for his Funeral; they ſat down on the Hill over the Town to taſte it, and there drank to ſuch a Degree, that one of them died on the Spot. The remaining five went next Day for more Whiſkey, to give Honour to the Burial of their ſecond Brother, and ſat down to drink in the ſame Field, where they drank to ſuch Exceſs, that they all lay drunk in the Field the whole Night after. You ſee, Sir, the Conſequences of this pernicious Practice of drinking Spirits, of which I take the Liberty to inform you, that ſome Means may be thought of, to put a Stop to it, or otherwiſe it muſt end in the Deſtruction of many of his Majeſty's Subjects, be a great Prejudice to all our Manufactures, and will be attended with many other Evils and Dangers too obvious to mention. I am, Sir, yours, &c.*

Briſtol, Sept. 8. On Saturday laſt ended the Seſſions of Oyer and Terminer, held for this City before the Worſhipful John Clements, Eſq; and Sir Michael Foſter, Knt. Recorder, and one of the Juſtices of his Majeſty's Court of Common Pleas, when the following Priſoners received their Sentences.

Richard Arnold and William Crutchard, for committing the deteſtable Crime of Sodomy, Death.

William Cottle, for attempting to commit the like Crime, to be fined 6s. 8d. to ſtand on the Pillory, and to be confined in Newgate 12 Months.

Eleanor Donnavan, for ſtealing a Silver Watch and two Guineas, the Property of William Owen, Tranſportation for 7 Years.

Jane Thomas, alias Williams, for wilfully killing her own Male Child, by throwing it into a Boghouſe, acquitted.

HALIFAX

November 3. Laſt Sunday, after his Excellency had attended Divine Service in the Forenoon, he embark'd on board his Majeſty's Ship Torrington, in order to take his Paſſage for England; his Excellency was attended from the Church by the Hon. his Majeſty's Council and ſundry other Gentlemen, when the Company belonging to the Train of Artillery were drawn up in a Line on the Parade, with their Officers in the Front, who ſpaid his Excellency the proper Compliments as he march'd along: The Soldiers of the Three Regiments, with their proper Officers in the Front, were drawn up in two Lines from the Parade to the Water Side, from whom alſo his Excellency receiv'd the proper Compliments. The Cannon on the Parade were diſcharg'd when his Excellency ſet off from the Shore in the Barge, as were thoſe on board the Torrington upon his Excellency's arrival. The whole was conducted with a great deal of Decency and good Order, and made a very handſome Appearance. And on Thurſday laſt the Torrington, with his Excellency on board, ſet ſail for England with a fair Wind: She was ſaluted by the Diſcharge of the Cannon at George's Iſland.

We hear that the Hon. Lieut. Col. Lawrence, as Preſident of the Council, has the chief Command of his Government, during his Excellency's Abſence.

ANNAPOLIS.

Within a few Days paſt, Four Women all in one Neighbourhood, and not far from Town, were Delivered with Ten Children, two of them with Three each, and the others with Twins.

We have a Report, but cannot affirm it for a Certainty, That there has lately been a terrible Sickneſs among the French *near* Ohio, *of which the commanding Officer, and a great many of the Men died, and that the reſt had mutinied and left the Place.*

[We heartily wiſh our Cuſtomers, a happy and proſperous New Year.]

Cuſtom Houſe, Annapolis, *Enter'd ſince* Dec. 6.
Sloop Hopewell, Samuel White, from R. Iſland;
Ship Biddeford, John Cole, from Briſtol;
Sloop Deborah, Swetnam Burn, from Boſton;

Cleared for Departure,
Brig Endeavour, James Mitchell, for Ireland;
Brig Grove, Robert Wilſon, for Madeira;
Brig Nancy, William Strachan, for Madeira;
Sloop Tryal, Thomas Currier, for N. Carolina;
Snow Tyger, William Thomas, for Briſtol.

TO BE SOLD,

For Money, Tobacco, Indian *Corn, Wheat, Pork, or Lumber,*

A GOOD SLOOP that will carry near 1000 Buſhels of Grain: She is well found with Sails, Rigging, Anchors, Cables, and all other Materials.

1 *Kinſey Johns,*
William Thornton.

N. B. Time for Payment will be given, on Security, if required.

To be Sold by the Subſcriber,

GOOD *Weſt India* Rum, *Muſcovado* Sugar, Melaſſes, Coffee, Saſh Glaſs, 12 by 10, 11 by 9, 10 by 8, 6 by 4, and Diamond Glaſs, Linſeed Oil, White Lead, and ſundry dry Goods, for Caſh, Pork, Beef, Corn, Wheat, Peaſe, Oats, or Parcels of good Tobacco.

3 *Patrick Creagh.*

Conformable to LAW,

NOTICE is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Daniel Clary*, at *Rock Creek* in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a White Mare, about 13 Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder I with a Stroke acroſs the middle of it, and on the near Buttock ſomething like a long Blotch, has a Switch Tail, a hanging Mane, and high Creſt. 1 pd.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship BIDDEFORD, *Capt.* JOHN COLE, *from* BRISTOL, *and to be Sold by the Subſcriber, at his Store in* ANNAPOLIS,

A LARGE Aſſortment of *European* and *Eaſt India* GOODS, *Herefordſhire* CYDER, *Glouceſter* CHEESE, and Single Refined SUGAR at 1*s.* 6*d. per* Pound; alſo very good CLARET by the Dozen, or larger Quantities. 2

John Brice.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship BIDDEFORD, *Capt.* JOHN COLE, *from* BRISTOL, *and to be Sold by the Subſcriber, at his new Store, near the Dock, in* ANNAPOLIS,

AN Aſſortment of *European* and *Eaſt India* GOODS, at very reaſonable Rates, for Paper Money, Gold, or Bills of Exchange: He alſo Sells, good *Barbadoes* RUM, at 4*s.* 6*d. per* Gallon, SUGAR, at 8*d. per* Pound, and Sour ORANGES, at 2*s. per* Dozen. 3

John Raitt.

LOST about 7 Weeks ago, near the Head of *Severn*, a black and white HOUND BITCH, of the deep mouthed Southern Kind, her Tail cut. Whoever brings the ſaid Hound to the Vineyard, or to Col. *Taſker*, at *Annapolis*, ſhall have Ten Shillings Reward. 4

STOLEN or Strayed from Mr. *Hepburn*'s Plantation, near *Upper Marlborough*, about the 21ſt of *October* laſt, a Dark Brown Natural Pacing Gelding, about 13 Hands high, had a hanging Mane, and Switch Tail, between 5 and 6 Years old, and branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock A. Whoever brings the ſaid Gelding to Mr. *Hepburn*, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward. 5

THERE is at the abovementioned Plantation, a Stray Steer, of a Red Colour, about 3 Years old, has a white Face, a Crop and an under Bit off the right Ear, and an under Bit off the left Ear.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying the Charge of this Advertiſement.

TO BE SOLD,

THE following Tracts of Land, lying in *Frederick* County, within 12 or 14 Miles of *Frederick* Town, *viz.*

Part of the Reſurvey of *Fountain Low*, 300 Acres, lying near Major *Ogle's*, whereon is ſome very good Meadow Ground. 5

Locuſt Thicket, 190 Acres, lying on *Manockaſy*, with ſome valuable rich Bottoms. And,

Turkey Thicket, 400 Acres, lying on *Manockaſy*, with rich Bottoms.

The Title is indiſputable; for Terms apply to *Nathanael Wickham*, jun.

Conformable to LAW,

NOTICE is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Thomas Athy* junr. in *Prince George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall Black Horſe, about three Years old, branded on the near Shoulder xx, he has a Star in his Forehead, and unbroke. X

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

COMMITTED ſome Time ago to the Subſcriber, Sheriff of *Baltimore* County, as a Runaway, one *Thomas Ellis*, a *Welchman*; wears his own Hair, and had on an Iron Collar: He ſays he belongs to one *Thomas Day*, in *Kent* County, to whom Notice was ſent, but no Anſwer received. X

His Maſter may have him again [illegible] Application, paying the Fees, and Charge [illegible] ment.

William Young.

SAMUEL CLAYTON,

BUTCHER, *from* LONDON,

Now in Partnership with Thomas Quayfe, *(who lately ſerved* John Roſs, *Eſq; as his Gardener) living near the Widow* Jennings's, *in* Annapolis,

CARRY on the Buſineſs of BUTCHERING, and will ſupply any Gentlemen, or Others, who ſhall be pleaſed to become their Cuſtomers, with any Kind of Proviſions, at the cheapeſt Rates. They give READY MONEY for fat live Cattle. They likewiſe kill Cattle or Sheep, in a neat and work-man-like Manner.

N. B. They ſell CANDLES, at 15 *d. per* Pound, by the ſingle Pound; and cheaper in large Quantities. The ſaid *Quayfe* is willing to ride on Meſſages for any Gentlemen, to any Part of the Province.

Conformable to LAW,

NOTICE is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Alexander Elliot*, in *Cæcil* County, near the Head of *Elk* River, taken up as a Stray, a Black Mare, about 14 Hands high, 4 Years old or thereabouts, has a ſmall Star in her Forehead, and a very blind Appearance of a Figure of 4 on the off Shoulder.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property and paying Charges.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Subſcriber, now living in the Houſe, at *London Town*, where Mr. *Weſt*, deceaſed, formerly dwelt, has provided himſelf with good Boats and ſkilful Hands; as alſo with good Beds, Liquors, and Provender for Horſes: All Gentlemen who ſhall think fit to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on a quick Paſſage over the Ferry, good Entertainment, and civil Uſage, from

Their humble Servant,

William Brown.

N. B. He ſtill continues his Buſineſs of a Joyner and Cabinet Maker, and can furniſh any Body with the neateſt and neweſt faſhion'd Chairs, Tables, *&c. &c. &c.* at the loweſt Rates.

A SCHEME of a ſmall LOTTERY; For raiſing the Sum of 490 Pieces of Eight, for building a public Wharf at *Baltimore-Town*.

Numb. of Prizes.		*Pieces of Eight.*		*Total.*
2	of	100	are	200
3	of	50	are	150
3	of	30	are	90
6	of	20	are	120
10	of	15	are	150
20	of	10	are	200
50	of	5	are	250
612	of	3	are	1836
1	firſt drawn			7
1	laſt drawn			7
708 Prizes,				3010
1042 Blanks,				
1750 Tickets at 2 Pieces of Eight, are				3500
			For the public Wharf	490

By this Scheme there is not one Blank and a half to a Prize.

As there is nothing more wanting than a pub'ic Wharf in the Town, where the Trade is greatly increaſed within a few Years; it is not to be doubted but People will readily Adventure in this Lottery, who are Well-wiſhers to the Proſperity of the Town and Province.

Many of the Tickets being already engaged, it is ſuppos'd the Lottery will be full in a very ſhort Time, of which public Notice will be given, and of the Time of Drawing.

A Liſt of the Prizes will be publiſhed in the *Maryland* Gazette, as ſoon as the Drawing is compleated.

The following Perſons are appointed Managers, who are to be under Oath, for the true Performance of their Truſt, *viz.* Meſſrs. *John Stevenſon, Richard Chaſe, John Moale, Charles Croxall, William Rogers, Nicholas Rogers, John Ridgely, N. Ruxton Gay, William Lux*, and *Brian Philpot*, jun.

Tickets to be had of any of the Managers, and at the POST-OFFICE, in *Annapolis*.

Conformable to LAW,

NOTICE is hereby given, That there is in the Poſſeſſion of *Andrew Tannehill*, near *Potowmack* River near *Kotockton Mountain*, taken up as a Stray, a Brown Mare, with a Star in her Forehead, and has a white Streak down her Face, branded on the near Shoulder with a Blotch, and on the near Thigh with a W, has a long Tail, and her hind Feet white.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Baltimore Town, November 6, 1753.

ALL Perſons indebted to Mr. *Rowland Carnan*, now on his Voyage to *England*, or to the Eſtate of Mr. *Charles Carnan*, of *London*, Merchant, are deſired to come and ſettle their Accounts forthwith; otherwiſe they muſt expect to be ſued for their reſpective Debts, at *March* Court.

And any Perſons having any juſt Claims or Demands on ſaid *Rowland Carnan*, or the Eſtate of ſaid *Charles Carnan*, are deſired to apply for Payment of the ſame, in *Baltimore Town*, from Monday to Friday in every Week; and at *Elk Ridge* Landing every Saturday, where Attendance will be given, by

Chamier and *Carnan*, Attorneys in Fact to Mr. *Rowland Carnan*, and to the Truſtees to the Eſtate of Mr. *Cha. Carnan*, of *London*.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of *Robert Gordon*, Eſq; lately deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate Payments; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, that the ſame may be adjuſted and paid off, by Meſſrs. *Robert Swan* and *John Raitt*, Securities for the due Adminiſtration of ſaid Eſtate, with

Agnes Gordon,
Adminiſtratrix.

Conformable to LAW,

NOTICE is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Capt. *John Stinchcomb*, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall Iron Grey Horſe, branded on the near Buttock T with a Stroke acroſs the middle, and is about 7 Years old.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

LEIDGERS, Journals, and Waſte Books, of fine Royal Paper, Medium, or Demy, with Alphabets, may be had at the Poſt-Office: Alſo, Teſtaments, Primmers, Battledores, Spelling Books, Ink Powder, Sealing Wax, Parchment, Playing Cards *&c. &c.*

Conformable to LAW

NOTICE is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Nathan Frizel* near *Gunpowder* Falls, in *Baltimore* County taken up as a Stray, a thick well made Black Mare, about 13 Hands high, branded on the off Buttock I S, has a Switch Tail, and ſome Saddle Spots.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Conformable to LAW,

NOTICE is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Mr. *Benjamin Lawrence*, living on the Back of *Elk* Ridge, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall dark Bay Horſe, branded on both of his Buttocks with ſomething like a B. has an upper-cut in his right Ear and hanging Mane.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Conformable to LAW,

NOTICE is hereby given That there is at the Plantation of Dr. *Johns*, near *Herring* Creek Church, taken up as a Stray, by *William Dunn*, a Dun Mare, about 13 Hands and an Inch high, with a Flaxen Mane and Tail, and has never been branded, dock'd, nor broke.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Conformable to LAW,

NOTICE is hereby given, That there are at the Plantation of *Nicholas Orrick*, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as Strays, a ſmall Black Natural Pacing Mare, and a ſmall Bay Mare; the former branded on the off Buttock W, and had a Bell on mark'd I F; the latter neither dock'd, branded, nor any perceivable Fleſh Mark.

The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

RAN away from Mr. *Stephen Onion*'s Iron Works, in *Baltimore* County, about the Middle of *June* laſt, a Negro Fellow, called *Jemmy*, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, of a yellow Complexion, pretty much Pock fretten, has been in the Country about 16 Months, talks very little *Engliſh*, and has been the moſt Part of the ſaid Time cutting Cord Wood: I am doubtful whether he can explain or even expreſs his Owner's Name. Whoever takes up ſaid Negro and ſecures him, ſo that the Subſcriber may have him again, ſhall receive a Piſtole Reward, beſides the Allowance by Law, and if brought to ſaid Works, any reaſonable Charges,

Benjamin Welſh.

N. B. I am ſuſpicious that the ſaid Fellow is, (by ſome ill diſpoſed Perſon or other), ſtolen and carried into the back Woods.

WHEREAS Capt. *John Troy*, lately departed this Province, has conſtituted me the Subſcriber, his Attorney in Fact, for tranſacting his Affairs; this is, therefore, to require all Perſons indebted to the ſaid *John Troy*, to make immediate Payments of their ſeveral reſpective Debts, elſe they muſt expect Trouble, from

William Lux,
of *Annapolis*.

WHEREAS Mr. *Lancelot Jacques*, lately departed this Province, has conſtituted me the Subſcriber, his Attorney in Fact, for tranſacting his Affairs; this is, therefore, to require all Perſons indebted to the ſaid Mr. *Jacques*, to make immediate Payments of their ſeveral reſpective Debts, elſe they muſt expect Trouble, from

William Lux,
of *Annapolis*,

RAN away from the Subſcriber, the 24th of *October* laſt, a Negro Man, named *Charles*, a likely young Fellow, pretty tall, and ſpeaks but indifferent *Engliſh*: Had on when he went away an old Cotton Jacket, an old Shirt, and a Pair of Check'd Trowſers; 'tis ſuppos'd he will make towards the Bay, and endeavour to get over to the *Eaſtern* Shore to *Dorcheſter* County, from whence he was lately brought out of that County Goal, where he had been for a conſiderable Time.

Whoever will ſecure the ſaid Negro, and bring him to his Maſter, living near *Piccawaxen* Church, in *Charles* County, ſhall have *Forty Shillings* Reward, paid by

Samuel Clagett.

TO BE SOLD,

PART of a Tract of Land, called *Chriſtopher's Camp*, containing 250 Acres, lying on the North Side of *Patapſco* River, adjoining to Mr. *Iſaac Webſter*'s Plantation.

Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe, may apply to Capt. *John Howard*, in *Baltimore* County, or in *Anne Arundel* County, to

Iſaac Johns.

N. B. A reaſonable Time for Payment will be allowed, if required.

WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Maſter in *Queen Anne's* County School: Any Perſon profeſſing himſelf a Member of the Church of *England*, and capable of teaching Grammar, Mathematics, Arithmetic, and good Writing, applying to the Viſitors of ſaid School, will meet with as much Encouragement as the Law relating to Free Schools will ſupport them in.

Signed per *Order*,

Nathan Wright, Reg.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his OFFICE in *Charles-ſtreet*; by whom all Perſons may be ſupplied with this PAPER; and where ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inſerted for Five Shillings the firſt Week, and a Shilling *per* Week after for Continuance: And BOOK-BINDING is performed in the neateſt Manner.